MEDICATION GUIDE Paroxetine (pa rox' e teen) Tablets, USP

Medication Guide available at <u>https://www.apotex.com/products/us/</u><u>mg.asp</u> to each patient.

What is the most important information I should know about Paroxetine tablets?

Paroxetine tablets can cause serious side effects, including:

- Increased risk of suicidal thoughts or actions. Paroxetine tablets and other antidepressant medicines may increase suicidal thoughts and actions in some people 24 years of age and younger, especially within the first few months of treatment or when the dose is changed. Paroxetine tablets are not for use in children.
- Depression or other mental illnesses are the most important causes of suicidal thoughts and actions. How can I watch for and try to prevent suicidal thoughts and actions?
- Pay close attention to any changes, especially sudden changes in mood, behavior, thoughts or feelings or if you develop suicidal thoughts or actions. This is very important when an antidepressant medicine is started or when the dose is changed.
- Call your healthcare provider right away to report new or sudden changes in mood, behavior, thoughts or feelings or if you develop suicidal thoughts or actions.
- Keep all follow-up visits with your healthcare provider as scheduled. Call your healthcare provider between visits as needed, especially if you have concerns about symptoms.

Call your healthcare provider or get emergency medical help right away if you have any of the following symptoms, especially if they are new, worse, or worry you:

- o attempts to commit suicide
- \circ acting aggressive or violent
- \circ new or worse depression
- \circ $\,$ feeling agitated, restless, angry, or irritable $\,$
- $\circ \;\;$ an increase in activity and talking more than what is normal for
- YOU action on democracy impulses
- acting on dangerous impulses
 thoughts about suicide or dying
- new or worse anxiety or panic attacks
- trouble sleeping
- other unusual changes in behavior or mood

What are Paroxetine tablets?

Paroxetine tablets are the prescription medicine used in adults to treat:

- A certain type of depression called Major Depressive Disorder (MDD)
- Obsessive Compulsive Disorder (OCD)
- Panic Disorder (PD)
- Social Anxiety Disorder (SAD)
- Generalized Anxiety Disorder (GAD)
- Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)

Do not take Paroxetine tablets if you:

- take a monoamine oxidase inhibitor (MAOI)
- have stopped taking an MAOI in the last 14 days
- are being treated with the antibiotic linezolid or the intravenous methylene blue
- are taking pimozide
- are taking thioridazine
- are allergic to paroxetine or any of the ingredients in paroxetine tablets. See the end of this Medication Guide for a complete list of ingredients in paroxetine tablets.

Ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist if you are not sure if you take an MAOI or one of these medicines, including the antibiotic linezolid or intravenous methylene blue.

Do not start taking an MAOI for at least 14 days after you stop treatment with paroxetine tablets.

Before taking paroxetine tablets, tell your healthcare provider about all your medical conditions, including if you:

- have heart problems
- have or had bleeding problems
- have, or have a family history of, bipolar disorder, mania or hypomania
- have or had seizures or convulsions
- have glaucoma (high pressure in the eye)
- have low sodium levels in your blood
- have bone problems
- have kidney or liver problems

- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. paroxetine may harm your unborn baby. Talk to your healthcare provider about the risks to your unborn baby if you take paroxetine tablets during pregnancy. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant or think you are pregnant during treatment with paroxetine tablets.
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. Paroxetine passes into your breast milk. Talk to your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your baby during treatment with paroxetine tablets.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take,

including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

Paroxetine tablets and some other medicines may affect each other causing possible serious side effects. Paroxetine tablets may affect the way other medicines work and other medicines may affect the way paroxetine tablets works.

Especially tell your healthcare provider if you take:

- medicines used to treat migraine headaches called triptans
- tricyclic antidepressants
- lithium
- tramadol, fentanyl, meperidine, methadone, or other opioids
- tryptophan
- buspirone
- amphetamines
- St. John's Wort
- medicines that can affect blood clotting such as aspirin, nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), warfarin
- diuretics
- tamoxifen
- medicines used to treat mood, anxiety, psychotic, or thought disorders, including selective serotonin reuptake (SSRIs) and serotonin norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs)

Ask your healthcare provider if you are not sure if you are taking any of these medicines. Your healthcare provider can tell you if it is safe to take paroxetine tablets with your other medicines.

Do not start or stop any other medicines during treatment with paroxetine tablets without talking to your healthcare provider first. Stopping paroxetine tablets suddenly may cause you to have serious side effects. See, "What are the possible side effects of Paroxetine tablets?"

Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of them to show to your healthcare provider and pharmacist when you get a new medicine.

How should I take Paroxetine tablets?

- Take paroxetine tablets exactly as prescribed. Your healthcare provider may need to change the dose of paroxetine tablets until it is the right dose for you.
- Take paroxetine tablets 1 time each day in the morning.
- paroxetine tablets may be taken with or without food.

If you take too much paroxetine tablets, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222 or go to the nearest hospital emergency room right away.

What are possible side effects of Paroxetine tablets?

Paroxetine tablets can cause serious side effects, including:

- See, "What is the most important information I should know about paroxetine tablets?"
- Serotonin syndrome. A potentially life-threatening problem called serotonin syndrome can happen when you take paroxetine tablets with certain other medicines. See, "Who should not take paroxetine tablets?" Call your healthcare provider or go to the nearest hospital emergency room right away if you have any of the following signs and symptoms of serotonin syndrome:
 - o agitation
 - seeing or hearing things that are not real (hallucinations)
 - o confusion
 - o coma
 - fast heart beat
 - o changes in blood pressure
 - dizziness
 - sweating
 - flushing
 - high body temperature (hyperthermia)
 - shaking (tremors), stiff muscles, or muscle twitching
 - Sliaking (literiors), suit must
 - loss of coordination
 - o seizures
 - o nausea, vomiting, diarrhea

- **Eye problems (angle-closure glaucoma).** Paroxetine tablets may cause a type of eye problem called angle-closure glaucoma in people with certain other eye conditions. You may want to undergo an eye examination to see if you are at risk and receive preventative treatment if you are. Call your healthcare provider if you have eye pain, changes in your vision, or swelling or redness in or around the eye.
- **Medicine interactions.** Taking paroxetine tablets with certain other medicines including thioridazine and pimozide may increase the risk of developing a serious heart problem called QT prolongation.
- Seizures (convulsions).
- Manic episodes. Manic episodes may happen in people with bipolar disorder who take paroxetine tablets. Symptoms may include:

• **Discontinuation syndrome.** Suddenly stopping paroxetine tablets

provider may want to decrease your dose slowly. Symptoms may

may cause you to have serious side effects. Your healthcare

• Low sodium levels in your blood (hyponatremia). Low sodium

levels in your blood that may be serious and may cause death, can

and people who take certain medicines may be at a greater risk for

developing low sodium levels in your blood. Signs and symptoms

weakness and unsteadiness on your feet which can lead to falls

In more severe or more sudden cases, signs and symptoms include:

o seeing or hearing things that are not real (hallucinations)

Abnormal bleeding. Taking paroxetine tablets with aspirin,

• Sexual problems (dysfunction). Taking selective serotonin

• Delayed ejaculation or inability to have an ejaculation

reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs), including paroxetine tablets, may

NSAIDs, or blood thinners may increase this risk. Tell your

healthcare provider about any unusual bleeding or bruising.

stopping breathing (respiratory arrest)

happen during treatment with paroxetine tablets. Elderly people

- greatly increased energy
- racing thoughts

reckless behavior

- unusually grand ideas
- talking more or faster than usual

excessive happiness or irritability

severe problems sleeping

include:

o nausea

sweating

dizziness

o tremor

anxiety

confusion

headache

tiredness

hypomania

o seizures

may include:

o headache

confusion

o fainting

seizures

Bone fractures.

cause sexual problems.

• Decreased sex drive

Decreased sex drive

Symptoms in males may include:

Symptoms in females may include:

• Problems getting or keeping an erection

Delayed orgasm or inability to have an orgasm

Talk to your healthcare provider if you develop any changes in your

sexual function or if you have any questions or concerns about sexual

o coma

difficulty concentrating

• memory changes

problems sleeping

ringing in your ears (tinnitus)

• changes in your mood

irritability and agitation

electric shock feeling (paresthesia)

problems during treatment with paroxetine. There may be treatments your healthcare provider can suggest.

The most common side effects of paroxetine tablets include:

- male and female sexual function problems
- constipation
- diarrhea
- dry mouth
- problems sleeping
- nervousness
- sweating
- yawning
- weakness (asthenia)
- decreased appetite
- dizziness
- infection
- nausea
- sleepiness
- shaking (tremor)

These are not all the possible side effects of paroxetine tablets. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

How should I store paroxetine tablets?

• Store paroxetine tablets between 59°F to 86°F (15°C to 30°C).

Keep paroxetine and all medicines out of the reach of children. General information about the safe and effective use of paroxetine tablets.

Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Medication Guide. Do not take paroxetine tablets for a condition for which it was not prescribed. Do not give paroxetine tablets to other people, even if they have the same symptoms that you have. It may harm them. You may ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist for information about paroxetine tablets that is written for healthcare professionals.

What are the ingredients in paroxetine tablets?

Active ingredient: paroxetine hydrochloride

Inactive ingredients:

Tablets: anhydrous lactose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, hypromellose, magnesium stearate, polyethylene glycol, sodium starch glycolate and titanium dioxide.

APOTEX INC. PAROXETINE TABLETS, USP 10 mg, 20 mg, 30 mg and 40 mg

Manufactured by:Manufactured for:Apotex Inc. Toronto,Apotex Corp.OntarioWeston, FLCanada M9L 1T9USA, 33326

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